



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1874.

Re-nomination of Hon. J. T. Harris.

The Conservative Convention of the Seventh District, which met at Staunton on Tuesday last, nominated for re-election to Congress Hon. JOHN T. HARRIS, on the first ballot. Mr. Harris has been in Congress for two terms and by his diligence, zeal and indefatigable attention to the interests, public and private, of his constituents, has justly merited this renewal of their confidence.

Nomination of Gen. Terry.

Gen. WILLIAM TERRY, of Wythe county, was yesterday nominated by the Convention at Marion, as the Conservative candidate for Congress in the Ninth District, to succeed Rev. T. Bown, the present worthy member. Gen. Terry represented the district in the Forty-second Congress, and made a most excellent member. He was a gallant Confederate officer, a man of sterling worth and ability, and his nomination will add another to the array of Virginia's noblest sons, who have been put forward by the Conservatives to represent the Old Commonwealth in the Council of the Nation.

The convention at Hagerstown yesterday nominated William Walsh, of Allegheny county, as the democratic candidate for Congress from the Sixth Congressional District of Maryland. The nomination was made on the one hundred and fourteenth ballot. Among the gentlemen prominently before the Convention were Attorney General Syster, of Washington county, Montgomery Blair, of Montgomery county, John Ritchie, of Frederick county, and Patrick Hamill, of Garrett county. It is understood that the nomination of Mr. Walsh heels the division which has so long existed among the democrats of Allegheny county. Mr. Walsh was a member of the Maryland Constitutional Convention of 1867, and in that body showed himself to be a ready and very able debater. As a lawyer he stands among the first of the Allegheny bar. The resolutions adopted by the convention urge a speedy return to specie payments, a reduction of taxes, and a more economical administration of the government. The civil rights bill is denounced as an outrage upon the whites, and a positive barrier to the welfare and advancement of the colored race.

Thomas H. Morris, senior Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, died yesterday at Springfield, Ohio. He was born in Kanawha county, Va., April 28, 1794, and was received into the Ohio Conference as a travelling preacher in 1817. He was an itinerant preacher in Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, and in 1832 was chosen as editor of the Western Christian Advocate, when it was first established at Cincinnati, which position he filled with great ability until 1836, when he was elected a Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church. The degree of D. D. was conferred upon him by McKendree College, Illinois, in 1841. When he entered the Church the second war with Great Britain had just ended; the United States were hardly more than the strip of country between the Atlantic and the Alleghenies. He lived to see the growth of the nation and the Church through more than half a century, and his death will be most earnestly regretted.

A glance at the official register of 1873 shows that in 1869, when Grant was first inaugurated the Federal officeholders numbered fifty-four thousand two hundred and seven. During the four years of his first term, and up to the present time in his second, this force has been increased thirty-two thousand four hundred and fifty-three, and now numbers eighty-six thousand six hundred and sixty. The present number is more than forty-five thousand in excess of those who were in the pay of the Government during the administration of Mr. Buchanan, and exceeds by thirty thousand the officeholders under the Johnson administration.

Timber is being shipped from Augusta, Alabamie, and other counties adjoining the mountains in Virginia, to a firm in Pennsylvania, who manufacture it into hubs and spokes, and ship it back again to our carriage and wagon manufacturers at the cost of freight, both ways, and at a profit. Why will our people continue to pay tribute to the North, when they could not only manufacture at home just as well, but make the profit, upon which the northern manufacturers become so rich in so short a time. When will our people learn wisdom?

As a result of the tour of inspection of the navy yards by the Senate Naval Committee, a recommendation will be made to the next Congress that the yards at Washington and New London be discontinued. The latter station has had no real utility for years, and the former is so badly located as to be unapproachable by vessels of any considerable draft. The Navy Yard should be located at Alexandria where there is an ample depth of water and every facility.

Maj. Gen. Foster, U. S. A., whose death was announced in yesterday's Gazette, was one of the two remaining alive of the officers who gathered around Maj. Anderson on a Christmas night of 1860 when the U. S. flag was transferred from Fort Moultrie to Fort Sumter, and who behind its walls withstood a hundred days later, the fire of the Confederate batteries. Afterwards General Foster served with distinction throughout the war.

Yesterday being the anniversary of the surrender at Sedan, was observed throughout Germany as a holiday. In Berlin the Emperor reviewed the Guards, and a banquet was given in the evening.

The Cincinnati Gazette (Rep.) is "confident that Gen. Grant's good sense will shortly lead him to dispatch the fears and hopes of those who fancied he would be again a candidate, and that he will follow the precedents set by Washington Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, and Jackson, by announcing his fixed resolve to retire at the close of his second term;" to which the Lynchburg Virginian adds:—"If Gen. Grant's 'good sense' shall prompt him to this course, it will be when he is satisfied that he is not master of the situation."

The falling off in the gross earnings of some of the leading railroads for the month of July is notable and significant. The Erie Company, which sustained a loss from January 1 to June 30, of six hundred and forty-five thousand dollars, as compared with the same period in 1873, exhibits a decrease of gross receipts, in the month of July alone, of three hundred and forty-one thousand dollars—more than 50 per cent. as much in the seventh month as in the preceding six months.

The meeting of the Board of Visitors of the Western Lunatic Asylum took place last Saturday. There was a full attendance of the members, but it was determined not to elect a Superintendent and physician in place of the lamented Dr. Strubling until the next meeting, which will be on the 24th of September. There are already some twenty or twenty-five applicants, and many more are expected. The Board fixed the salary of the Superintendent at \$3,000.

The last of the Brooklyn scandal news yesterday was that both Moulton and Tilton will reserve important documents until the trial takes place, this being by the advice of Gen. Butler. Mrs. Tilton returned to Brooklyn yesterday, and denies that she is seeking a legal separation from her husband. Moulton arrived at home yesterday, and his statement will be printed, probably, on Friday. The public cry out hold! enough—of such disgusting stuff.

Dockray, the American, whose arrest and penal sentence by the Spanish authorities in Cuba has been detailed, has arrived in Havana and at the latest advices was confined in the Cabana fortress awaiting transportation. So far there has been no indication that the United States Government has taken any measures to interfere in his behalf. He has been sentenced to a long term of imprisonment for alleged aid to the insurgents.

A circular to the stockholders of the Central Railroad of New Jersey offers to them exclusively, until the 15th instant, \$5,000,000 of 7 per cent. consolidated first-mortgage bonds, running 25 years, interest payable quarterly, free of State and United States taxes. The price is 90, and \$1,000,000 of the proceeds will be used to pay for coal property and the rest for road and terminal improvements and equipment.

The Lynchburg Virginian says: "From every quarter there are signs of cheerful acquiescence in the work of the Congressional Convention assembled in this city a week ago. We hardly think that the Radicals will name a candidate, and no Conservative will incur the labor and expense of a fruitless canvass against such a man as Rao Tucker. And so Mr. Tucker will, in all probability, walk over the course."

A counterfeit twenty-dollar note of the Merchants' National Bank of New York has been discovered at the Treasury Department among the National bank currency sent there for redemption. This counterfeit was so well executed that it passed undetected through the hands of several counters, but when it reached the division of issues it was detected by a lady counter.

The Loudoun Mirror says:—"We must confess that since his promotion to a U. S. Judgeship, Judge Hughes has atoned for many of the idiosyncracies of Robert W. Hughes, radical candidate for Governor. His rulings on the bench have been marked by refreshing signs of honesty, fairness, and good sense, and have been generally satisfactory to those having business before him."

The Republicans have elected their candidate for Governor in Vermont by about the usual majority. The House is overwhelmingly Republican, and the Senate unanimously so. In the Second Congressional district the contest was hot, and the election has resulted in the defeat of Judge Poland, by Mr. Donison, the Independent Republican candidate.

The Lynchburg papers think that the effort to start a cotton factory at that place will prove successful. It gives us pleasure to state that the Mount Vernon Cotton Factory, here, is doing an excellent business, running on full time, with a full complement of hands, and turning out an excellent article of cloth, for which there is a steady and increasing demand.

The Chicago Times, that was, before it cut out loose from the Republican party, one of its most influential organs, remarks: "Radicalism gave anarchy to the South; radicalism gave it away, or cursed forever will be the name of radicalism. Perhaps even that tardy word of justice will not save it from an occasional damn or two in the mouths of posterity."

Mayor Bray, of Eufaula, Ala., and co-defendants, were yesterday acquitted at Montgomery of the charge of violation of the Enforcement Act. This makes fifteen persons tried there in the last few months on this charge, but in every case the prosecution was shown to be without cause, and the defendants were all acquitted.

The Collector of Customs at El Paso, Texas, in a letter to the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, dated August 17, says: "We have not had a drop of rain in this vicinity for three hundred and sixty-five days (!!) Everything is scorched, hot and burning up. Many cattle have died of starvation."

General John Pope, commanding at Fort Leavenworth, telegraphs that Colonel Miles has had two small fights with the hostile Indians as he is pursuing toward the north fork of the Red river, and that the Indians are burning the grass as they retreat.

The only Cabinet officers now in Washington are Secretaries Fish and Bristow and Postmaster General Jewell. Secretary Belknap is expected to return to-day.

The grain dealers of Baltimore held a meeting yesterday to consider the best way of meeting the difficulty that has arisen on account of the determination of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Co. to limit the time in which loaded cars are permitted to remain upon the tracks there after arrival.

Sixty thousand dollars reward is offered by the French Minister of Agriculture "for the discovery of an efficacious and economical means of destroying the phylloxera or of preventing its ravages." This, it will be remembered, is the insect that is devastating the French vineyards.

The Emperor of Russia has sent the Mikado of Japan a magnificent vase, four feet high, cut from a single piece of agate. This, with other rich gifts, was presented by Mr. Struve, the new Russian Minister, when submitting his credentials to the Japanese sovereign.

The eruption of Etna shows no signs of abatement. The inhabitants are fleeing from the villages at the foot of the mountain, but it is thought no harm will be done. The direction taken by the lava streams is remote from the cultivated parts of the mountain.

The Chicago Inter-ocean says "evidences of stagnation in business are abundant enough, but one of the most significant signs in this direction is the tide of emigration, which is now turning eastward with a rush never equaled since the depressing days of 1857."

The internal revenue of the United States collected in the Third Virginia District, embracing Richmond city and several counties, amounted during August to \$385,168.37. This amount was mostly paid in tax on tobacco.

Admiral Semmes, commander of the Confederate cruiser Alabama during the late war, is announced as a candidate for Congress in an Alabama district. His disabilities were removed last winter.

Harrisonburg turned over \$10,000 in incorporation bonds to the Narrow Gauge railroad, last week. This makes \$35,000 of the \$50,000 voted by the town, which has been paid to the road.

The Atlantic steamship companies, which have for some time been engaged in a sharp competition, made peace at Liverpool Saturday and agreed on a schedule of fares and freights.

Mr. and Mrs. Montague, of Middlesex county, Va., were thrown from a buggy, by the running away of the horse, last week, and Mr. M. killed and his wife seriously injured.

A Madrid dispatch says the Czar has sent agents both to the Republican and Carlist headquarters with a view to see which party is the stronger.

Goldsmith Maid is stated to have trotted the mile at Mystic Park yesterday in 2:14, three-quarters of a second better than her best previous time.

Henry Ariz, a well-to-do farmer residing near Hottel's mill, about two miles from Woodstock, committed suicide by hanging, on Thursday, the 27th ult.

It is now officially announced that Major Yost has received the appointment as postmaster at Staunton. He was at Long Branch the other day.

The Shenandoah Democrat states that thirty thousand dollars a year is the amount the farmers of Woodstock and vicinity pay annually for phosphates.

The Washington Republican urges the nomination of a "straight-out" Radical candidate for Congress, by that party, in this district.

According to the census there are only two men in America who manufacture hand-organs. What a business they must do!

Rockingham county, it is said, will have a very large corn crop this season.

All the wind-bound shipping in Hampton Roads put to sea on Tuesday.

Political Discussion.

We are authorized to announce that General Eppa Hunton and Mr. James Barbour will address the people of the counties named on the court days of the respective counties as follows: Rappahannock, second Monday in September.

Fairfax, third Monday in September. Orange, fourth Monday in September. Madison, fourth Thursday in September.

The Recovery of France.

The latest financial and commercial statistics, says Lord Lytton, are most encouraging, and bear testimony to the astonishing vitality of the material resources of France. The taxes in operation previous to the war actually produced during the first nine months of 1873 a quarter of a million sterling more than in the first nine months of 1872. More remarkable still is the fact that the foreign commerce of France during the past year is 25 per cent. greater than during the year immediately preceding the late war. In 1860 it was represented by 4,508 millions of francs; in 1873 by 5,528 millions. Some allowance must, of course, be made for the increased price in many kinds of merchandise; but, at any rate, there is a remarkable recuperative power, considering that the figures for 1870 and 1871 are 4,231 millions and 4,478 millions respectively. Lord Lytton thinks that the increase in the amount of bills and acceptances in the Bank of France cannot be attributed to a purely commercial origin. The cash balance, however, was on the 30th of October, 1873, 727 millions of francs, after lending the State 150 millions in specie; so that if the amount of this loan were not deducted, the cash in the Bank would be 877 millions of francs in excess of what it was on the corresponding day of the previous year. The Bank rate of discount is only 5 per cent., and the premium on gold at Paris is insignificant. The most remarkable sign of all, however, is the enormous increase in the amount invested in the public funds by the provincial population, which is four times as much as during the corresponding period of 1872.

And forms, as Lord Lytton observes, a curious illustration of the small extent to which the rural population invests in industrial enterprises. Similar results are afforded by the statistics of the import trade, though to a less extent than by those of the export trade. On the whole, Lord Lytton thinks the general condition of France so flourishing as to be a matter of not only satisfaction, but of surprise, considered in connection with the recent and disastrous results of a year of unsuccessful war, followed by foreign occupation and internal disturbances.—London Times.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

To show the very age and body of the Times'

The gold coinage at the San Francisco Mint during the month of August, 1874, amounted to \$4,120,000, and silver to \$191,000 in trade dollars, and \$9,000 in subsidiary silver coin. The coinage for the corresponding month of 1873 was about \$2,000,000 in gold and \$111,000 in trade dollars.

A fatal accident occurred, yesterday, at the Comptroller's Office, Annapolis, Md. While some carpenters were at work on the improvement of that building, an arch gave way, bruising two carpenters named John Wiggins and Thomas Brooks, and killing a third, named J. Barney Mills.

Yesterday afternoon Henry Wuster, a boy of six years, fell from the second story porch of the sash factory of W. W. Maughlin, in Baltimore, a distance of fourteen feet, and fractured his skull badly.

The sale of ten Bonapartist journals, all published in the Provinces of France, have been prohibited by orders from the Minister of the Interior.

The Marquis de Ripon has resigned the position of Grand Master of the Order of Free Masons in Great Britain, and will be succeeded ad interim by the Prince of Wales.

The Jones' Falls Committee of the City Council of Baltimore, held another meeting yesterday, and considered several plans proposed for the improvement of that stream.

A heavy storm passed over Green River section, Wyoming Territory, on Tuesday night, and snow fell there yesterday morning to the depth of about one inch.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Western Union Telegraph Company, held in New York, yesterday, a quarterly dividend of two per cent was declared.

Yesterday the National Board of Steam Navigation met at Buffalo. All sections of this country were represented. The session is held with closed doors.

An explosion occurred in a coal mine at Dour, Belgium, yesterday. It is feared that the few miners who were at work at the time cannot be saved.

About three hundred excursionists from Petersburg, Va., visited Fort Monroe yesterday on the steamer Hampton.

The civil guards over Bazaine, who were arrested at St. Marguerite, on the charge of conspiring at his escape, have been released.

The steamship Wyoming, which sailed yesterday from London for New York, has on board four hundred Mormons.

LOUDOUN COUNTY ITEMS.—[From the Loudoun Mirror.]—Mr. Charles E. Lacey, of this county, a young man about 18 years of age, met with an accident on Friday last that came very near proving fatal. Mr. L. was driving a two-horse wagon, loaded with plank, in the vicinity of Clark's Gap, when the jolting over the rough road threw the plank forward against the horses, which set them to rearing and kicking. The driver was thrown from his seat, and the horses, after running some distance and completely demolishing the wagon, themselves became entangled and fell, and in this condition remained until some colored men at work close by were attracted to the spot by the noise of the struggling horses. They found the young Lacey lying in the road, insensible, and, as they supposed, dead, and carried him to his father's house. He was badly cut and bruised about the head, and it was not until after daylight Saturday morning that he became conscious. His injuries, though painful, were not serious.

The Waterford camp meeting of the M. E. Church commenced last Friday week and closed on Monday morning, having been extended over two Sundays. The congregation was not a large one, but the meetings were generally well attended. On Sunday, during the assembling of the congregation to listen to a sermon from Rev. Mr. Phelps, a brace of colored dancers thought to illustrate the practical workings of promised Civil Rights, by taking seats in the circle among the white ladies. Some little commotion was excited for a moment, but the appearance of a special officer, who speedily repressed the offenders, put an end to further excitement.

One right last week Mr. H. C. Chumbley hatched his horse and buggy to the fence of a friend, near Snickersville, while he went in the house. On his return horse and buggy were both missing. Immediate search was instituted, and kept up for three days, at the end of which time the horse was found grazing in a field about two miles from where he started, detached from the buggy, but with the harness still on him. The buggy was found a short distance off in the woods, and strange to say, the total damage done to horse, buggy and harness did not exceed five dollars.

There was another grand "Hop" at the Osburn House, Leesburg, last Friday night. There was a brilliant array of beauty and fashion present, not only from this town and county, but from Washington, Alexandria and Maryland. The merry party "tripped the light fantastic toe" till the wee small hours, and finally dispersed bearing with them, no doubt, many pleasant recollections of the occasion. A series of interesting meetings, commenced in St. James' Church, Leesburg, on Saturday last, are still continued. Services are held twice a day, morning and night, and will be kept up until after Sunday. So far the pastor, Rev. Mr. Davis, has been ably assisted by R. V. Mr. Hubbard. Other ministers are expected.

Mr. John W. Hammerly sold at private sale on Monday, to Mr. Wm. Tins, the brick house on the corner of Market and W streets, Leesburg, at present occupied by him as a Cabinet shop, for \$1200. Mr. Tins will have it fitted up for a store-room.

The first grange yet established in this county was organized at Goresville on Monday last under most favorable auspices. We understand that Deputy Treadway also organized a grange at Guilford on Tuesday.

Mr. Jas. H. Swart is building, on the lot adjoining his present residence on Water street, Leesburg, a large and handsome frame dwelling house, for his own occupancy.

Prof. Wm. B. Carr, of Leesburg, will next year be associated in the management of a technical seminary in Petersburg, Va.

EXTRAORDINARY IRON MINES.—The Morefield (West Virginia) Advertiser states that an extraordinary deposit of iron has been discovered at the point where Ketterman's road crosses Middle Mountain. Several veins have been opened, all of them of extraordinary thickness and richness. The ore is taken out in immense blocks, some weighing three hundred pounds, which lie wedged compactly together, and are easily separated with the crowbar. On the surface these blocks lie horizontal and cover an area of one hundred yards in width and miles in length. Beneath the surface the blocks stand perpendicular and in veins of untested thickness, though known to be more than thirty inches.

How is it that girls can always tell a married man from a single one? The fact is indisputable. Blackwood says that "the fact of matrimony or bachelorhood is written so legibly in a man's appearance that no ingenuity can conceal it. Everywhere there is some inexplicable instinct that tells us whether an individual (whose name, fortune, and circumstances are totally unknown) be or be not a married man. Whether it is a certain subdued look, such as that which characterizes the lions in a menagerie, and distinguishes them from the lords of the desert, we cannot tell, but the truth is so, we positively affirm."

Letter from Loudoun Co.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] LEESBURG, VA., Sept. 2, 1874.—The Leesburg Acad-my has been put under contract, the deficiency in funds having been made up by voluntary subscriptions of the people of that rejuvenated town.

The Leesburg and Aldie Turnpike is approaching completion; it will probably be finished by November 1. The substantial bridge over Little River, built for the company by Mr. John Sweden, of New York, for the preferred stock of the company, will be opened for travel in a few days. Mr. Thomas W. Ayre having nearly completed the filling. Mr. Sweden is the father of Mrs. Dr. Quinby, of Oak Hill, formerly the residence of President Monroe. Mr. S. is a stockholder in the company, to the extent of about \$6,500, and but for him the work would have lingered for a long time.

F. M. Henderson, of Leesburg, has made application for a patent for an improved blind and door adjuster, which will keep blind bowed at an angle up to 45 degrees; will secure them closed and thrown back also. He has reasonable hopes of obtaining a patent. It can be made very cheap, or quite ornamental, at the option of the householder.

Some farmers, who have kept stirring the ground, will make fair crops of corn, say 35 or 40 bushels to the acre; and some on equally good land not more than 20.

Very interesting services have been held in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Dr. Walker, Mr. Hubbard, and Mr. Davis, and it is expected that Mr. McGill, of Fairfax, will be on hand the latter part of the week.

There is a project on hand for an Episcopal Church near Outland, the chapel there having been found too small to accommodate the attendants. The people are going to help themselves, and when they have done their level best, ought to have some help. There is no house of worship between Leesburg and Aldie, and for that reason the villages are each about twelve miles from Leesburg, and distant from each other about five miles. "Currite calamo." Yours,

ALICUIS;

WHAT THEN?

After the Christian's tears,
After his lights and fears,
After his weary cross,
"All things below but loss"—
What then?

Oh, then, a holy calm,
Resting on Jesus' arm;
Oh, then, a deeper love
For the pure home above.

After this holy calm,
This rest on Jesus' arm,
After this deeper love
For the pure home above—
What then?

Oh, then, hard work for Him,
Immortal souls to win;
Then Jesus' presence near,
Death's darkest hour to cheer.

And when the work is done,
When the last soul is won,
When Jesus' love and power
Have cleared the dying hour—
What then?

Oh, then, the crown is given!
Oh, then, the rest in heaven!
Then endless life in endless day,
While sin and death have passed away.

WHAT THEN?

After the joys of earth,
After its songs of mirth,
After its dreams so bright—
What then?

Only an empty name,
Only a weary frame,
Only a conscious smart,
Only an aching heart.

After this empty name,
After this weary frame,
After this conscious smart,
After this aching heart—
What then?

Only a sad farewell,
To a world loved too well,
Only a silent bid,
With the forgotten dead.

After this sad farewell,
To a world loved too well,
After this silent bid,
With the forgotten dead—
What then?

Oh, then, the judgment throne?
Oh, then, the lost hope gone?
Then, all the woes that dwell
In an eternal hell.

NOTHING FOREVER.

The following epitaph, copied from a gravestone in Pembroke, Massachusetts, is almost a century old, and is now for the first time in print:

Here rests a poor woman
Who always was tired,
For she lived in a house
Where help was not hired.

Her last words were, Friends,
Fare ye well; I am going
To a place where I'm nothing
Of washing or sewing.

Then weep not, my friends,
When death shall us sever;
For I'll have a nice time
In doing nothing forever.

For every thing there
Is exactly to my wishes,
Since where they don't eat
There's no washing of dishes.

The courts with sweet music
Are constantly ringing;
But having no voice,
I shall get clear of singing.

She folded her hands
With her latest endeavor,
And whispered sweet nothing,
Oh, nothing forever.

Several years since the name was echoed throughout Europe of the boy Mortara, a Jew, who had been baptized surreptitiously and taken from his parents in Rome. This boy is now Father Pius Mortara, an Augustine monk in the Monastery of Notre de Bequene, and recently he preached a sermon at Nott, in the department of the Two Severs, on the occasion of the Festival of Notre Dame du Mont Carmel.

NEW GOODS!

Just received a large supply of the following goods: Cloves, Gum Shellac, Colgate's Soaps, Sub Nitrate Bismuth, Tannic Acid, Wood Tooth Picks, Citric Acid, Tait's Pills, Silver Soap, Hair Tooth and Nail Brushes, and Dressing Combs, in great variety; Lubin's Extracts, Globe Flower, Cough Syrup, Oil Bergamot and Citronella, Bostetter's and Vinegar Bitters, Castor Oil, Plover's Extracts, Diexie's Vienna Ball Cologne, Stove Polish, Ground Spice, and 100 lbs. cans for country merchants. Lewis' Pure Lead, Linseed, Lard, Olive and Nut-oil, Oils, Copperas, English, Irish and White Glue, Yellow Ochre, Red Lead, Paris Green and Burnt Umber, dry and in oil. Call and examine our large stock before purchasing.

HENRY COOK & CO.,

107 KING STREET.

FALL TRADE—SEPTEMBER 1st, 1874.

I beg to call the attention of the ladies to the following DRESS GOODS just received and very hand-some: French Drab de Cote, Cashmere, English Tweed Suitings and French, English and American Poplins.

D. F. BRASHEAR,
Corner King and Pitt streets.

NOTICE TO TRAVELLERS.

Hereafter all orders for OMNIBUSES and BAGGAGE WAGONS intended for the City Hotel, will be left at the office of the City Hotel. They will be promptly attended to by careful and polite drivers.

ANDREW SHULER

SEP 1-1W

SPICES, all sorts, at 107 King street.

augs 11 HENRY COOK & CO.

COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, Sept. 3.—The market for Wheat is quiet and steady; offerings of 1352 bushels, with sales of white at 120, 122 and 125 for good to prime, and red at 115, 120 and 122 for fair to good, and 130 for a choice lot. Corn is fairly active, and prices are 25c off; offerings of 754 bushels mixed, with sales at 90, 95 and 96. Rye is quiet at 80 and 87. Oats are active and firm, and prices are 1c better; 4 rings of 644 bushels, with sales at 52 and 53.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 3.
Sun rose.....5:32 Moon rises.....11:2
Sun sets.....5:26 High water.....10:00

ARRIVED.

Steamer Express, Baltimore, to Jos. Brothers & Co. She reports passing about a dozen light coasters being captured.

Sch'r A. K. Weeks, Georgetown, to Hampshire and Baltimore Coal Co.

Sch'r Mollie A. Hand, Washington, to American Coal Co.

Sch'r Speedaway, Boston, by American Coal Company.

SAILED.

Steamer Lady of the Lake, Norfolk, by F. A. Reed.

Sch'r John Spelden, hence, at Norfolk 31st ult.

Sch'r Lizzie Maull, hence, at Boston 1st inst.

MARINE ACCIDENTS.

Sch'r Gerlie E. Morrow, from Savannah Aug. 23, for this port, returned to Savannah Sept. 1st, with mizzen mast carried away and leaking.

Sch'r Sallie W. Kay, hence for Port, on Monday morning got ashore of bark Adyante and carried away her port catboat and split her own spunker from boom to gaff. She returned for repairs.

CANAL COMMERCE.

Arrivals.—Boats Industry, Wm A. Smoot and H. B. Simmons, to Hampshire and Baltimore Coal Co.; S. H. Davis, to W. A. Smoot.

A CARD.

Forced against my will to become a party to the discussion of which this shall form a